

Smarter Transportation.



ATHENA MAPPING

## Geocode Editor V2: Segment and Point Training Resource Guide



# Geocode Editor V2: Segment and Point Training Resource Guide

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# PURPOSE OF THE GEOCODE EDITOR V2 GUIDE

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The Geocode Editor Resource Guide will be broken into two parts, each of which will provide you with explanations on the following procedures within the software: Segment Layers and Point Layers. Additionally, this guide will review the basic tools within Athena, as well as provide you with specific scenarios you may encounter as you begin to independently navigate the system within the User Stories section of this guide.

## ATHENA SEGMENT INTRODUCTION

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


Within the “Segment Layer” the user will be building the network of streets the Athena system will later recognize when matching a student’s address, and building out a district’s runs and routes. Utilizing tools within the Map Panel, the user will build connections between street segments, and later be able to assign address points to these connections.


Some language to keep in mind when navigating this layer:

- **Segment:** A larger connection piece; usually pieces of a larger street, connected to nodes which dictate the “flow”, or direction, of the segment.
- **Node:** Nodes are the small grey circles attached to the mouse when editing within the “Segment Layer”. Nodes connect segments together; “*from nodes*” are what lead the flow or direction of a segment.
- **Segment Flow:** Street segments are most beneficial when they are built in the direction of an increase in address numbers. The user will connect the “*from node*” to the side of the street that the house numbers begin to increase.

## ATHENA SEGMENT MAP ASSET KEY

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Symbol	Explanation	Symbol	Explanation
	Edit		Redo
	Save		Join
	Clear Selection		Reverse
	Zoom To		Trace

	Detach From		Delete
	Detach To		Select Method
	Undo		

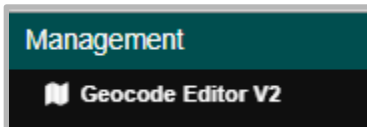
## NAVIGATING THE SEGMENT LAYER

### 1. Getting Started:

Once logged in, select the Mapping application from the portal page.

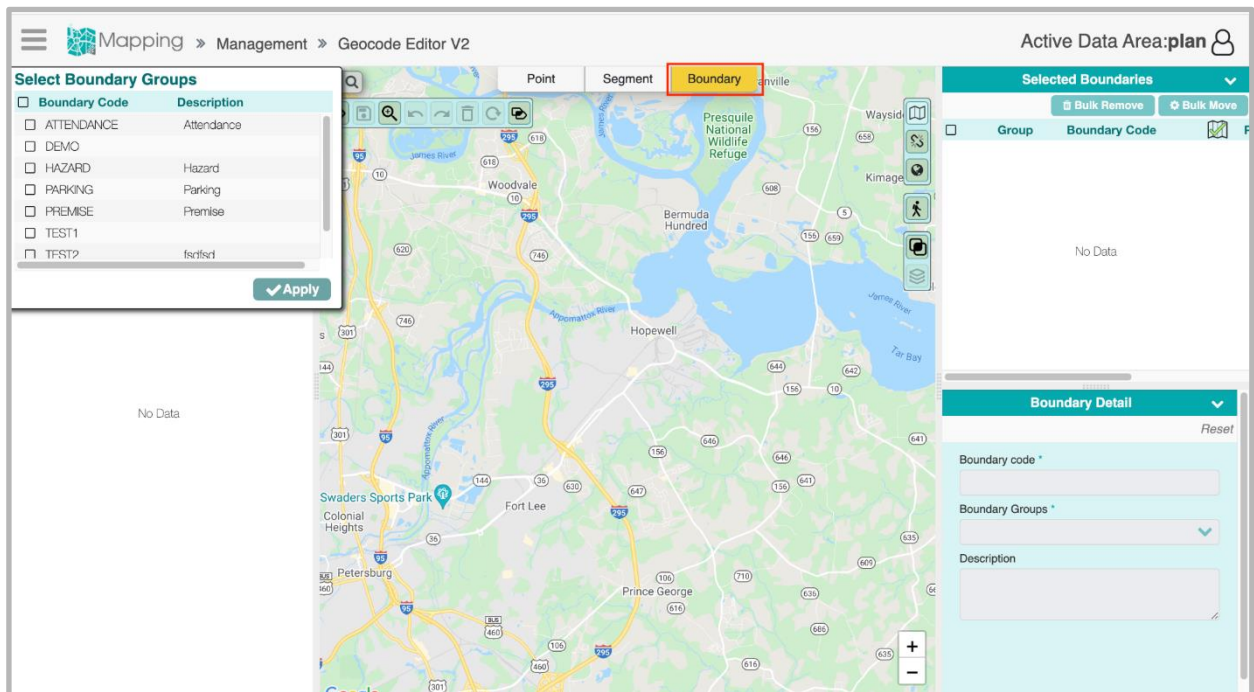


### 2. Select Geocode Editor in the action bar menu.



### 3. Panel Layout:

The layout of the module is as follows:



Data Panel

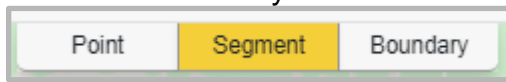
Map Panel

Workspace Panel

#### 4. Layers:

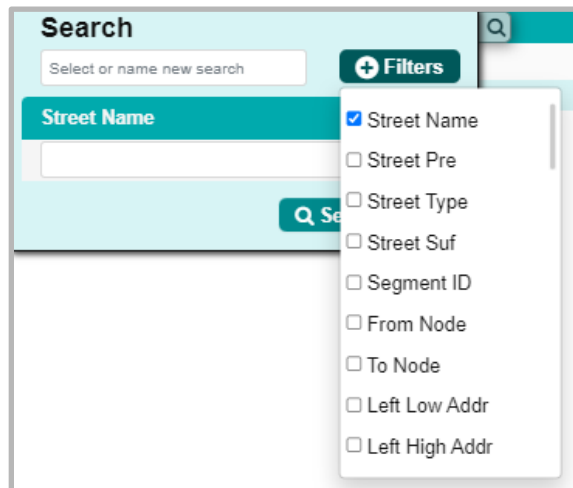
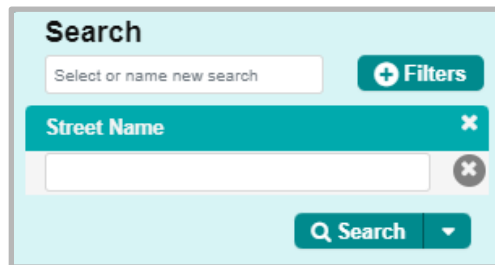
At the top of the Map Panel the user will find different layers to toggle between when working in the Geocode module:

- Point
- Segment
- Boundary



#### 5. Segment Layer:

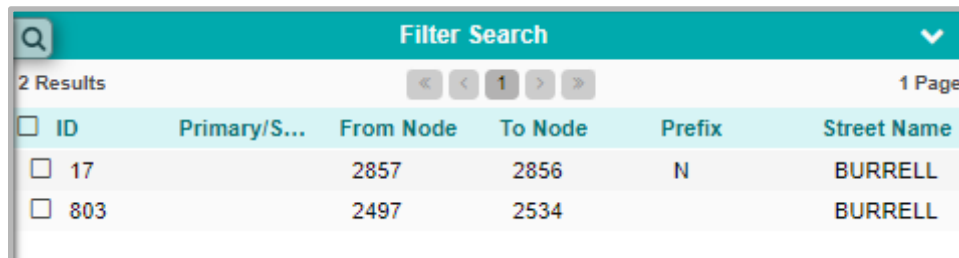
Once the user has selected the Segment layer in the Map Panel, a search tray will appear where the user can choose from several filters to vet their search.



#### 5.1 Data Panel:

The Data Panel consists of two cards:

- **Filter Search:** Results of your search query.



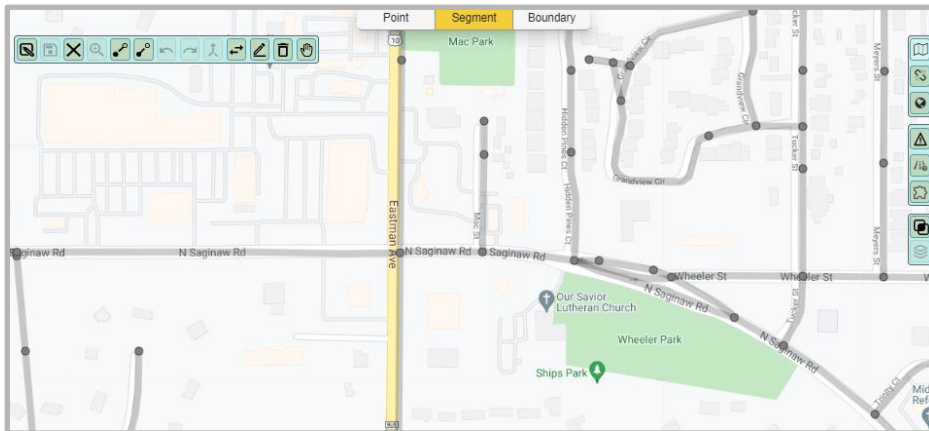
<input type="checkbox"/> ID	Primary/S...	From Node	To Node	Prefix	Street Name
<input type="checkbox"/> 17		2857	2856	N	BURRELL
<input type="checkbox"/> 803		2497	2534		BURRELL







- **Spatial Search:** When selecting a segment directly on the map, it will populate in the Spatial Search.

Spatial Search					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ID	Primary/S...	From Node	To Node	Prefix
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2139		1135	1078	










## 5.2 Map Panel:

The Map Panel contains various tools and individual workflows integral to the development of segments within the Geocode Module.



Symbol	Explanation
	<b>Edit:</b> This tool “edits” the street network; use this tool to add segments to the map.
	<b>Save:</b> Recommended for users to save after every change within the Segment layer.
	<b>Clear Selection:</b> Clear’s the segment’s the user is no longer working with from the Workspace Panel.
	<b>Zoom To</b>
	<b>Detach From/To:</b> To remove a segment from another connection, the user can use the “detach from tool” to separate the connections, before deleting the excess segment.
	<b>Undo:</b> User can “undo” or go back as far as the user’s last save; the system saves the work the user does along the way.



	<b>Redo:</b> Will take the user to the previous move; the system saves the work the user does along the way.
	<b>Join:</b> Takes two compatible street segments and makes them into one segment. The segments must share the same street name.
	<b>Reverse:</b> If a user needs to change the “flow” of a segment, highlight the segment, and the “reverse button” will swap the “from” and “to” nodes.
	<b>Trace:</b> Once the user has selected segments that are not aligning with the google background image, utilizing the trace tool, the segments will automatically align with the google image of the streets.
	<b>Delete</b>
	<b>Select Method:</b> Select segments within the range of the user’s search parameter, and will populate in the “Selected Segments” card of the Workspace Panel.
	<b>Hazard:</b> When selecting this icon Hazards will display graphically on the map. Hovering over an individual Hazard on the map will display information in the Segments Card.
	<b>Resolve Unnamed Street:</b> When selecting this icon, unnamed streets will highlight on the map. Select an unnamed segment and the information will display in the “Segment Attributes” card.
	<b>Connectivity Validation:</b> When selecting this icon, unconnected segments will highlight in blue, and showcase can empty space where the segments are not connected. If all segments are connected, the user will receive a message confirming “All components are connected”.

### 5.3 Workspace Panel:

Selecting a street name in the Data Panel will populate additional information in the Workspace Panel, and within these cards the user can edit segment properties.

➤ **Selected Segments:**

The segment that is selected on the map, will populate in the “Selected Segments” card. The user has an option to “Bulk Edit” information within this panel: Prefix, street name, type, suffix, etc.

Selected Segments					
<input type="checkbox"/> Bulk Update <input type="checkbox"/> Bulk Edit Hazard <input type="checkbox"/> Clear              Columns					
ID	Primary/S...	From Node	To Node	Prefix	Street N
<input type="checkbox"/> 1397		1215	685		ROGEF

➤ **Primary/Secondary:**

Primary/Secondary				
<input type="checkbox"/> Add Secondary <input type="checkbox"/> Delete <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Set Primary              Columns				
Primary/S...	Prefix	Street Name	Type	Suffix
<input type="checkbox"/>		ROGERS	ST	

➤ **Segment Attributes:**

A name will always be associated with a segment, and within the “Segment Attributes” card the user will be able to see the additional attributes associated to a specific segment’s name.

Segment Attributes		
<i>Reset</i>		
ID	From Node	To Node
<input type="text" value="1397"/>	<input type="text" value="1215"/>	<input type="text" value="685"/>
Prefix	Street Name	
<input type="text" value=""/>	<input type="text" value="ROGERS"/>	
Type	Suffix	
<input type="text" value="ST"/>	<input type="text" value=""/>	

➤ **Left Side / Right Side:**

If the user knows the flow of addresses in an area, it is encouraged for the user to build the segments in the direction of an increase in home addresses. The user would input the low and high ranges of addresses within the “Left Side” and “Right Side” card.

This is especially beneficial when there is a transition of zip codes, and the user needs to specific two sperate zip codes on the same street.

Left Side		Right Side	
Low Address	<input type="text" value="176"/>	Low Address	<input type="text" value="175"/>
High Address	<input type="text" value="210"/>	High Address	<input type="text" value="207"/>
Zip Code	<input type="text" value=""/>	Zip Code	<input type="text" value=""/>

➤ **Road Attributes:**

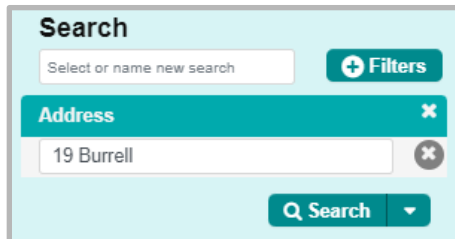
This card indicates how fast a bus can travel across the selected segment.



# NAVIGATING THE POINT LAYER

## 1. Point Layer:

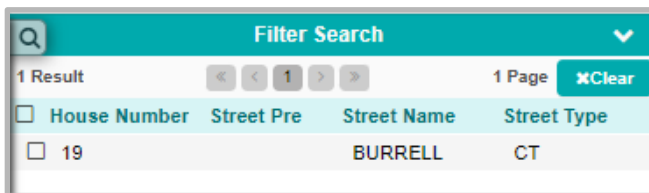
Once the user has selected the Points layer in the Map Panel, a search tray will appear where the user can enter an address of interest to work with.



The search tray is a light blue rectangular box. At the top, it has a search input field with the placeholder text "Select or name new search" and a "+ Filters" button. Below this is a section titled "Address" with a close button (X). The address "19 Burrell" is entered in the input field, which also has a close button (X). At the bottom, there is a "Q Search" button with a dropdown arrow.

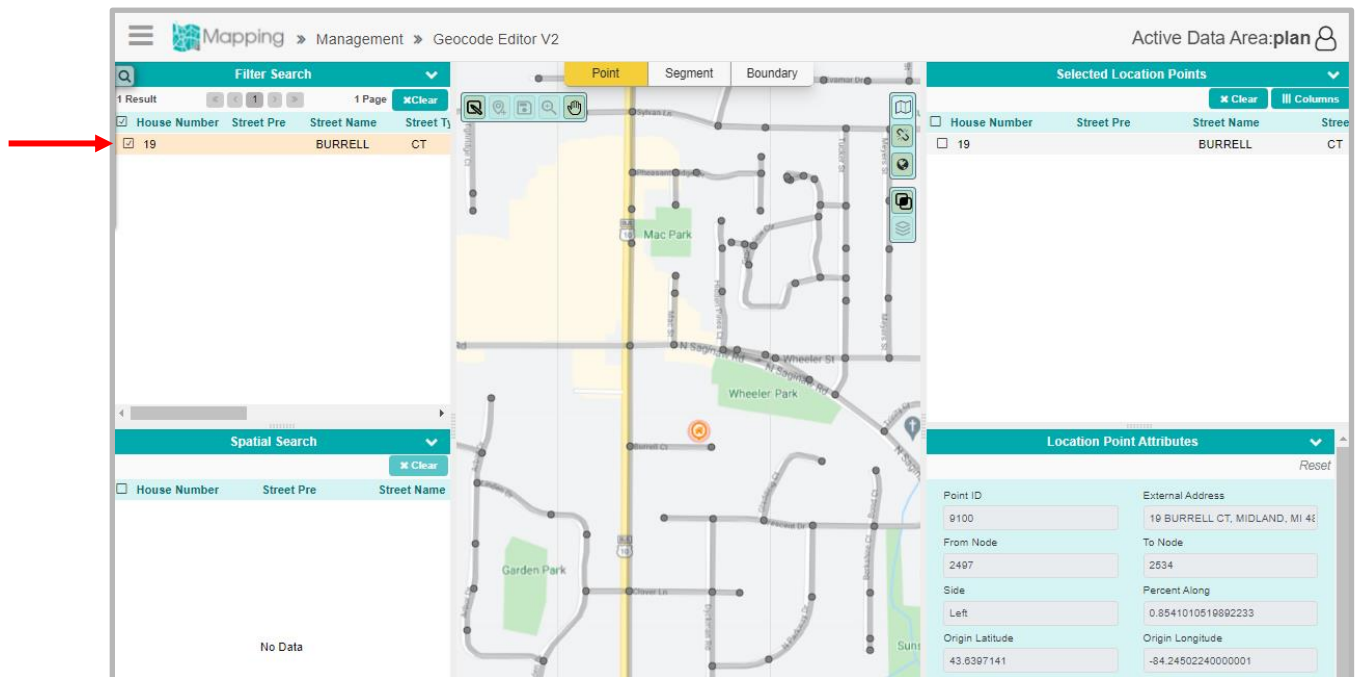
### 1.1 Data Panel:

Results from the search will display in the Data Panel. When selecting the address in the Data Panel, the information will populate in the Workspace Panel, as well as highlight on the Map.



The Filter Search panel shows a table with one result. The table has columns for House Number, Street Pre, Street Name, and Street Type. The row contains the values 19, BURRELL, and CT. There are navigation arrows and a "1 Page" indicator at the top.

House Number	Street Pre	Street Name	Street Type
19		BURRELL	CT



The full application interface shows the search results in the Data Panel, the map with the selected location highlighted, and the Location Point Attributes panel. A red arrow points to the selected row in the Data Panel.

**Filter Search**

House Number	Street Pre	Street Name	Street Type
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		BURRELL	CT

**Selected Location Points**

House Number	Street Pre	Street Name	Street Type
<input type="checkbox"/>		BURRELL	CT

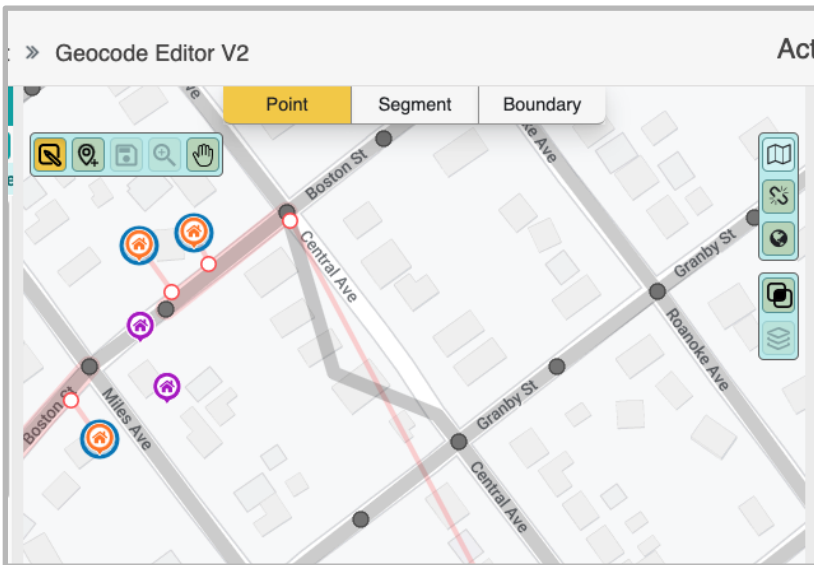
**Location Point Attributes**

Point ID	External Address
9100	19 BURRELL CT, MIDLAND, MI 486
From Node	To Node
2497	2634
Side	Percent Along
Left	0.8541010519892233
Origin Latitude	Origin Longitude
43.6397141	-84.24502240000001



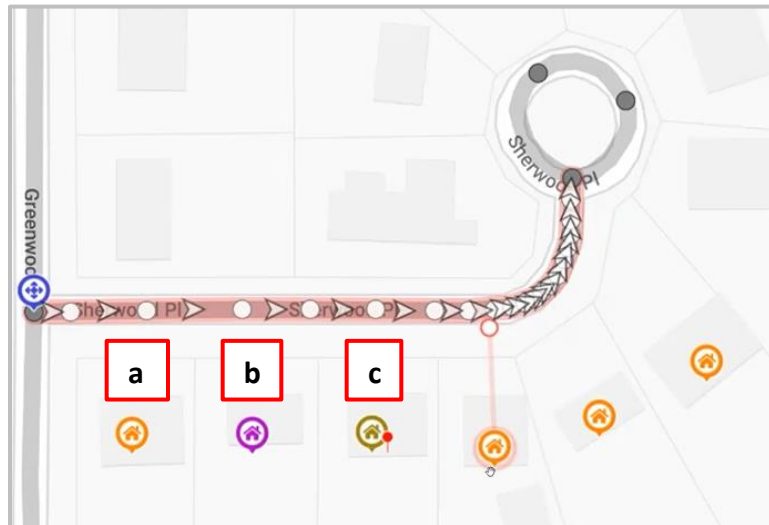
## 1.2 Map Panel:

The Map Panel has multiple tools for viewing and editing Points within the system.



Symbol	Explanation
	Edit
	Reprojection
	Add New Point Location
	Save
	Zoom To
	Select Method
	Select Method—Drag to Multiselect
	Delete

### 1.2.1 Identify the Different Point Locations:



- a. **Orange:** Validated point, can freely move (drag and drop) orange points to new locations.
- b. **Purple:** Indicating an unmatched segment—the point and segment do not share the same street name. Therefore, purple points are unable to be freely moved to a new location, but clients can use the reprojection tool to attach point to the correct segment.
- c. **Mustard:** Reprojected segments using manual override; when a purple point is reprojected to a different segment it will turn into a mustard point.
- d. **Black:** Points that were unable to project to a nearby street upon the upload of a student data import file. These points can be manually reprojected to a nearby segment, turning the point into a mustard point.

### 1.3 Workspace Panel:

Selecting a location point in the Data Panel, will populate additional information within the Workspace Panel.

Selected Location Points				
<input type="checkbox"/> House Number	Street Pre	Street Name	Street Type	St
<input type="checkbox"/> 19		BURRELL	CT	

Location Point Attributes
▼

[Reset](#)

Point ID <input type="text" value="9100"/>	External Address <input type="text" value="19 BURRELL CT, MIDLAND, MI 48640"/>
From Node <input type="text" value="2497"/>	To Node <input type="text" value="2534"/>
Side <input type="text" value="Left"/>	Percent Along <input type="text" value="0.8541010519892233"/>
Origin Latitude <input type="text" value="43.6397141"/>	Origin Longitude <input type="text" value="-84.24502240000001"/>
Projected Latitude <input type="text" value="43.639413328862936"/>	Projected Longitude <input type="text" value="-84.24502271459535"/>
Street ID <input type="text" value="511"/>	Segment ID <input type="text" value="803"/>
Source <input type="text" value="Google"/>	Note <input type="text" value="imported by lat,lng from google"/>

## ATHENA USER STORIES

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The User Stories section of this guide will offer you scenarios that are applicable to some of the workflows you might encounter in your day-to-day tasks within Athena. Some scenarios that will be discussed include:

### Segment Layer User Stories:

- [Creating and Tracing Segment](#)
- [Detaching and Splitting Segments](#)
- [Reversing and Splitting Segments](#)

### Point Layer User Stories:

- [Adding and Editing Point Locations](#)
- 

## Segment Layer Stories

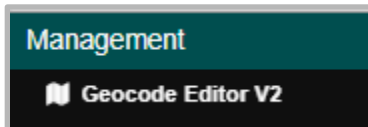
### 1. Creating and Tracing Segments:

#### 1. Getting Started:

Once logged in, select the Mapping application from the portal page.



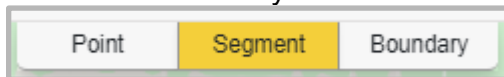
2. Select Geocode Editor in the action bar menu.



3. **Layers:**

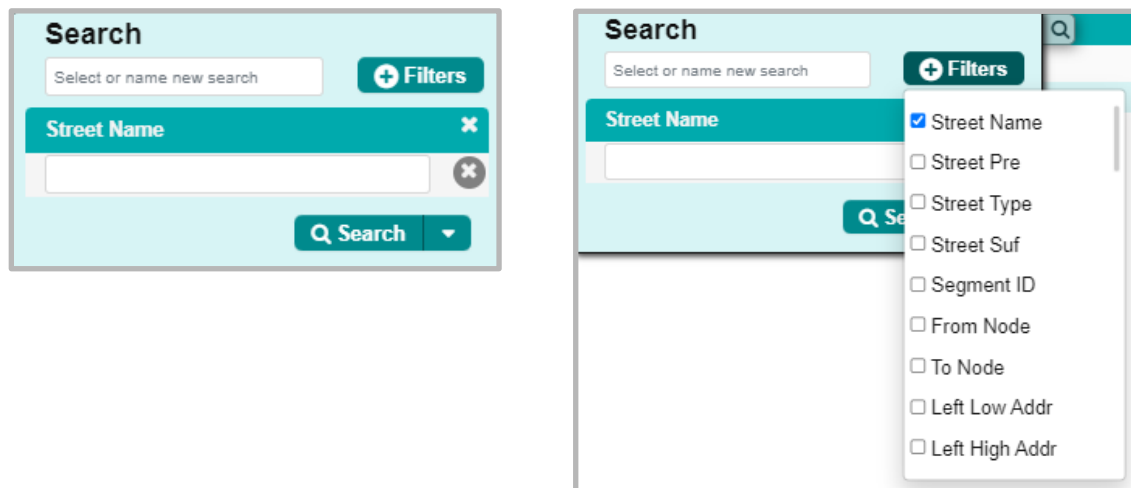
At the top of the Map Panel the user will find different layers to toggle between when working in the Geocode module:

- Point
- Segment
- Boundary



4. **Segment Layer:**

Once the user has selected the Segment layer in the Map Panel, a search tray will appear where the user can choose from several filters to vet their search.



Alternatively, to quickly be taken to the segments already established on the map, navigate to the toolbar at the top of the Map Panel, and select the “Zoom To” button.



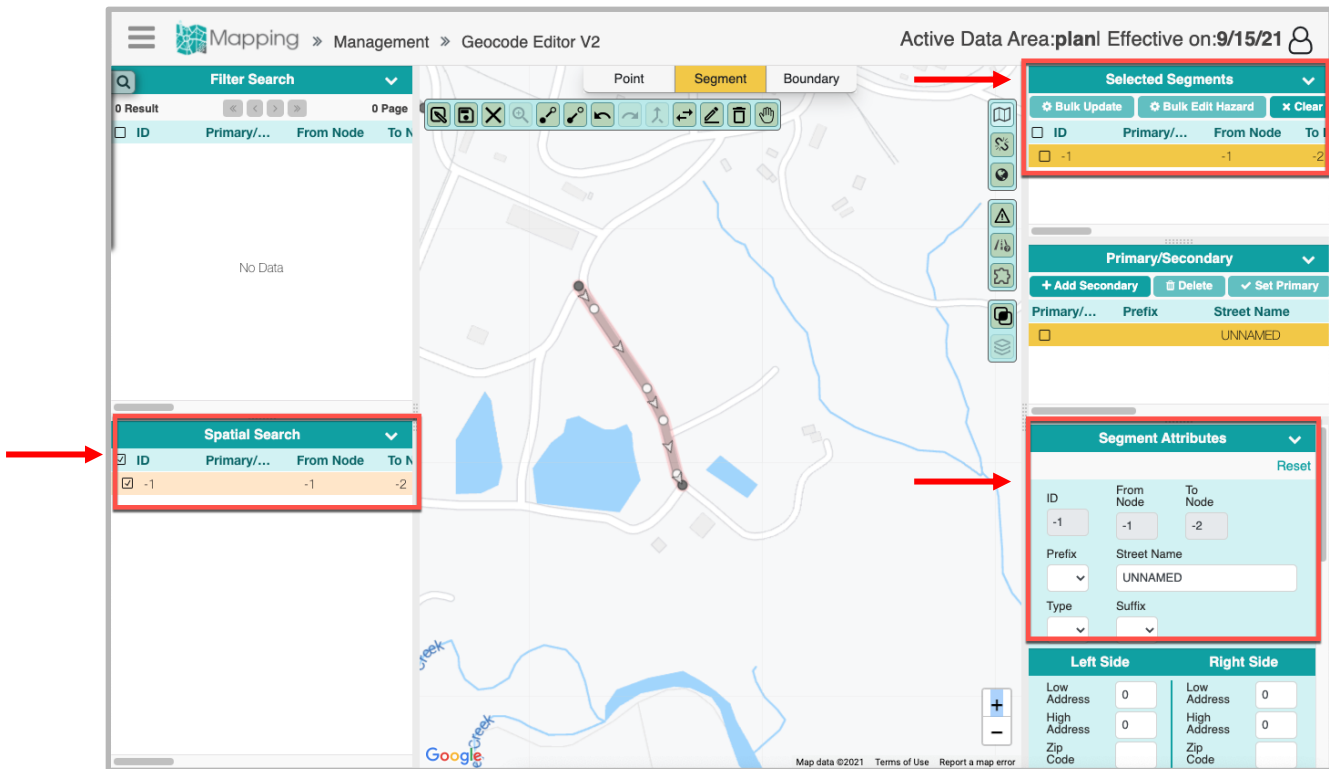
5. **Drawing Segments:**

To begin drawing segments onto the map, the user will first have to select the “Edit” button in the tool bar, when the edit function is activated, the button will highlight in yellow.





Once activated, the user can begin drawing segments by clicking a street or desired location that does not already have a segment, and moving the mouse to follow the flow of the street. The user will draw the segment section and double click to release the new segment.



Following the addition of a new segment, the user will notice a few updates:

- The new segment will be created and highlighted on the map—it is recommended that the user save their work after the creation of a new segment.
- The new segment is added to a few spaces within the Data and Workspace Panels:
  - **Spatial Search** card—the new segment will be highlighted.

Spatial Search				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ID	Primary/S...	From Node	To Node
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-2		-1	-2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-1		-1	1824

- **Selected Segments** card—will have a Negative ID assigned.

Selected Segments						
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ID	Primary/S...	From Node	To Node	Prefix	Street Name
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-2		-1	-2		UNNAMED

- **Segment Attributes** includes the following fields: ID, **From** and **To Node**

Values, Street Name (the Street Name value of the new segment will remain unnamed until manually assigned).

**5.1** Additionally, following the establishment of a new segment the user will then begin to complete the fields within the Workspace Panel as displayed above:

- Set the value within the **Segment Attributes** fields (optional): Prefix, Street Name, Type, and Suffix.
- Set the value for the **Left Side** and **Right-Side** fields—Left-Side being the Low Address and Right Side being the High Address.

- Low Address and High Address values must be larger than zero.
  - Low Address must be less than High Address value.
  - If Left Side uses odd numbers, Right Side must use even.
  - Zip Code must be a valid format (5 digit number).
- Set value for **Road Attributes** fields: Left Speed, Right Speed, No Drive.
  - **Note:** Left Speed and Right Speed values must be greater than zero.

- Set value for **Walk Attributes/Hazard** fields: Hazard, From Flow, and To Flow.

Walk Attributes - Hazard

No crossing  1  2  3  4

From Flow  To Flow

No walking  1  2  3  4

When the fields within the Workspace Panel have been completed, select the “Save” button to store the new segment in the system.



Once saved, the system will auto-generate and assign a unique ID, From Node, and To Node to that segment.

The screenshot shows the 'Geocode Editor V2' interface. A map in the center shows a street segment with several nodes. On the left, there are search panels: 'Filter Search' (empty) and 'Spatial Search' (showing one result with ID 5417, From Node 4809, To Node 4810). On the right, there are several data entry panels: 'Selected Segments' (showing the same result as Spatial Search), 'Primary/Secondary' (Prefix: E, Street Name: BOSTON), and a detailed 'Road Attributes' panel. The 'Road Attributes' panel includes fields for ID (5417), From Node (4809), To Node (4810), Prefix (E), Street Name (BOSTON), Type (ST), Suffix (N), and address/zip code information for both left and right sides of the street.

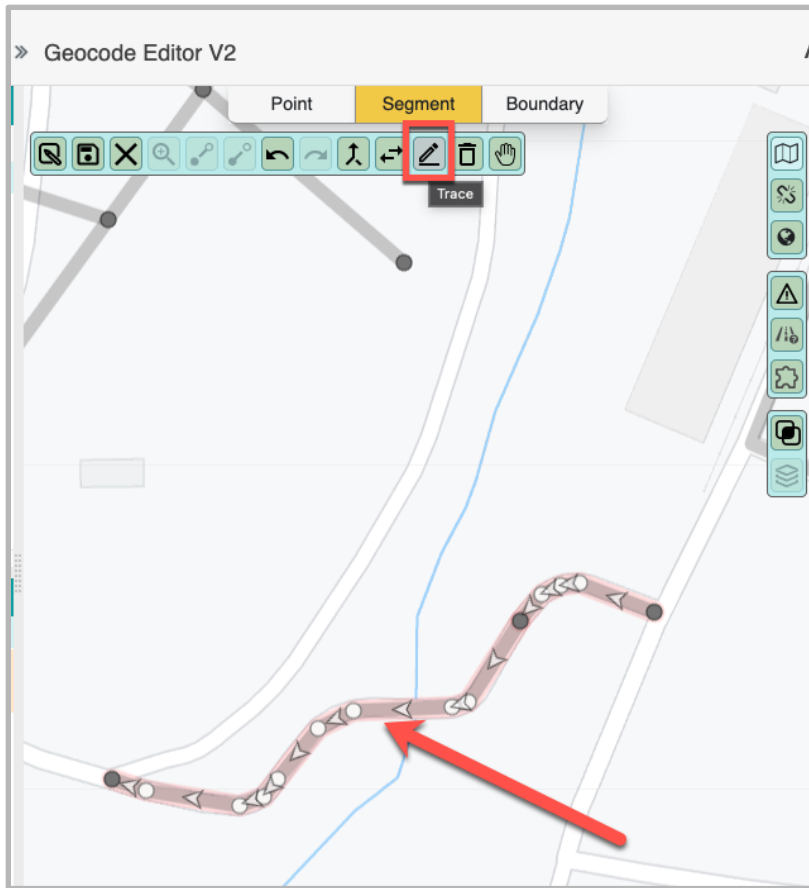
**Note:** When creating segments, the user can continue to single click to add shape nodes before finishing the segment off.

- If the user would like to create a new segment off an existing segment, they will single click the node where the new segment should start, and follow the same process as detailed above.

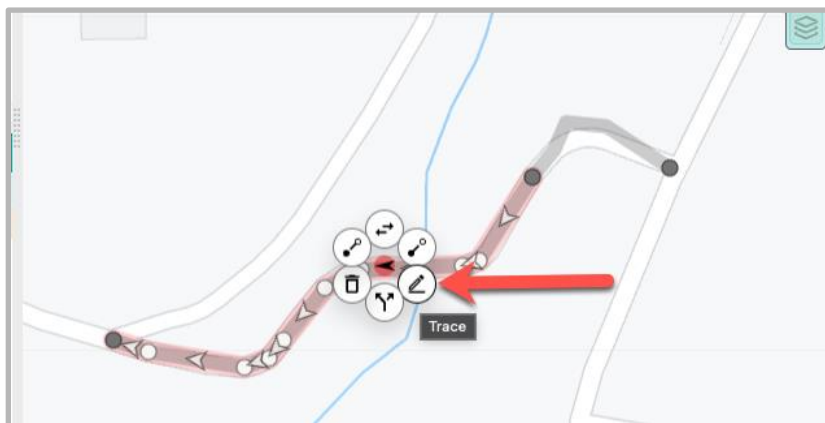
## 6. Tracing Segments:

On the map, select one or more segments that need to be edited to follow the roads projected path. There are two ways to trace segments:

- **Map Tool Bar:** Select the Trace button within the map tool bar and all selected segments will follow the shape of the street.



- **Context Menu:** Right-click on the segment that needs to be traced, and the context menu will populate. Once the tracing tool is selected, only focused segments will follow the shape of the street.



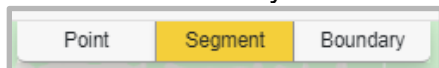
## 2. Detaching and Splitting Segments:

### 1. Layers:

At the top of the Map Panel the user will find different layers to toggle between when working

in the Geocode module:

- Point
- Segment
- Boundary

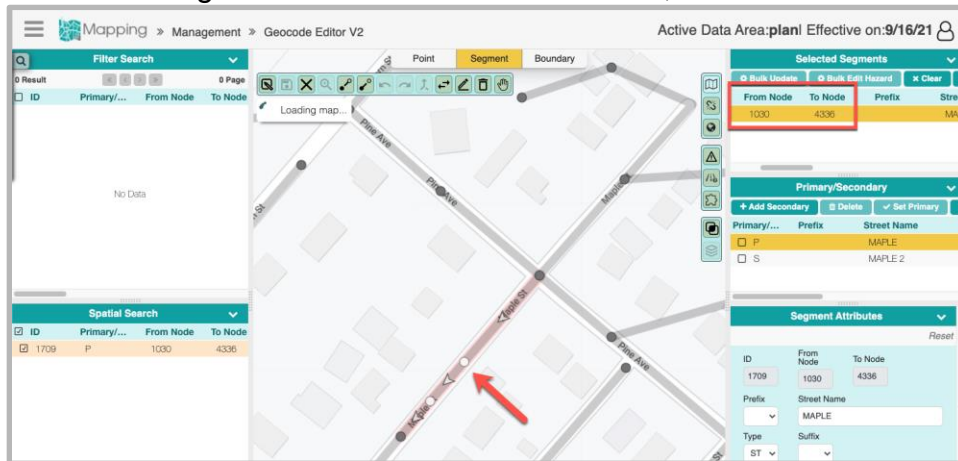


2. To quickly be taken to the segments already established on the map, navigate to the toolbar at the top of the Map Panel, and select the “Zoom To” button.

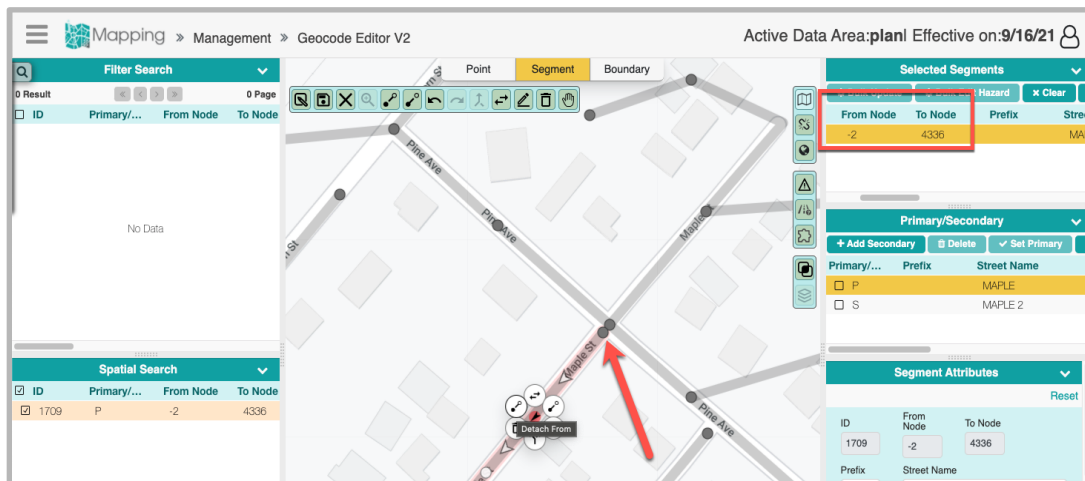


3. **Detaching Segments:**

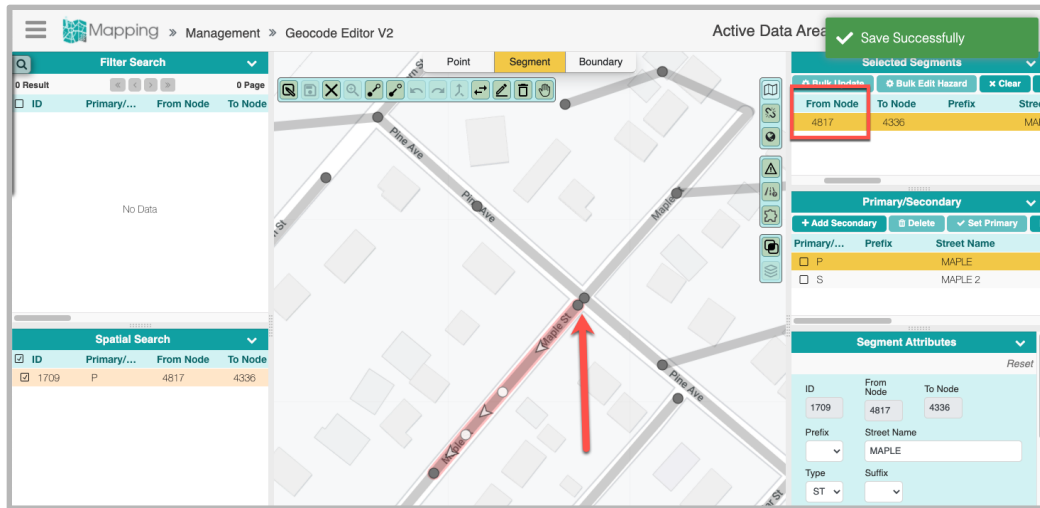
Locate the segments that need to be detached, and select one of the segments on the map.



Once selected, navigate to the tool bar at the top of the Map Panel, and select the “Detach From” button. The “From Node” of that segment will detach from the other segment.



Save your changes, before navigating to the “Segment Attributes” card to assign a new “From ID” for the detached segment.

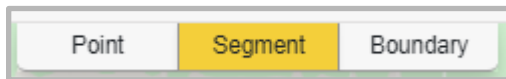


### 3. Reversing and Splitting Segments:

#### 1. Layers:

At the top of the Map Panel the user will find different layers to toggle between when working in the Geocode module:

- Point
- Segment
- Boundary



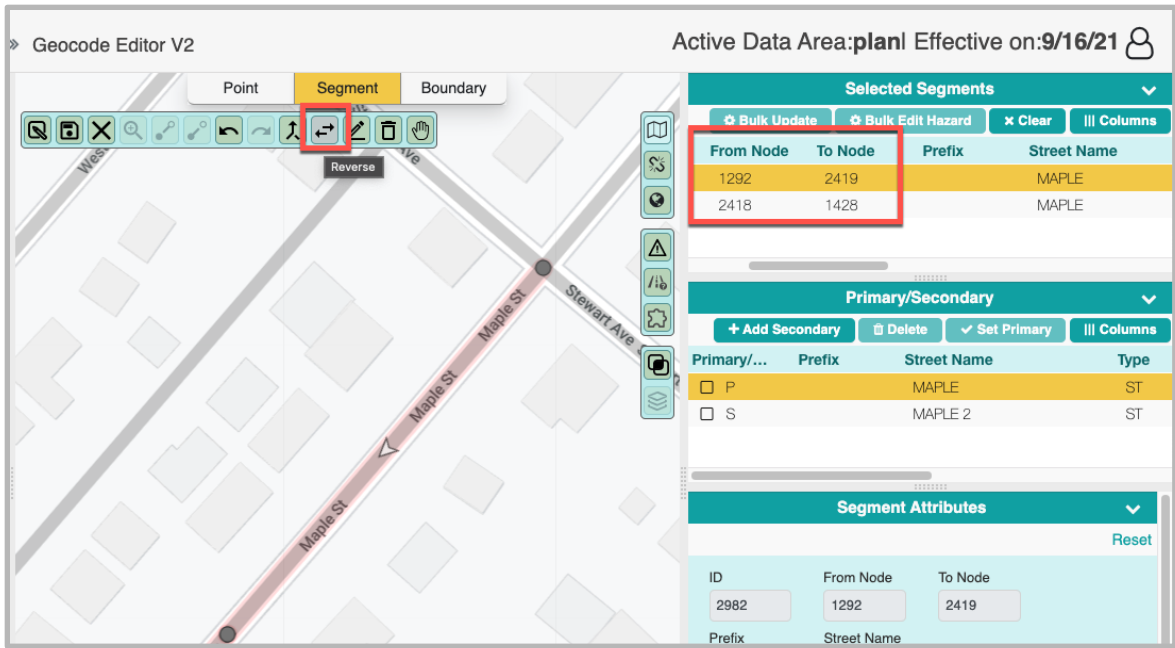
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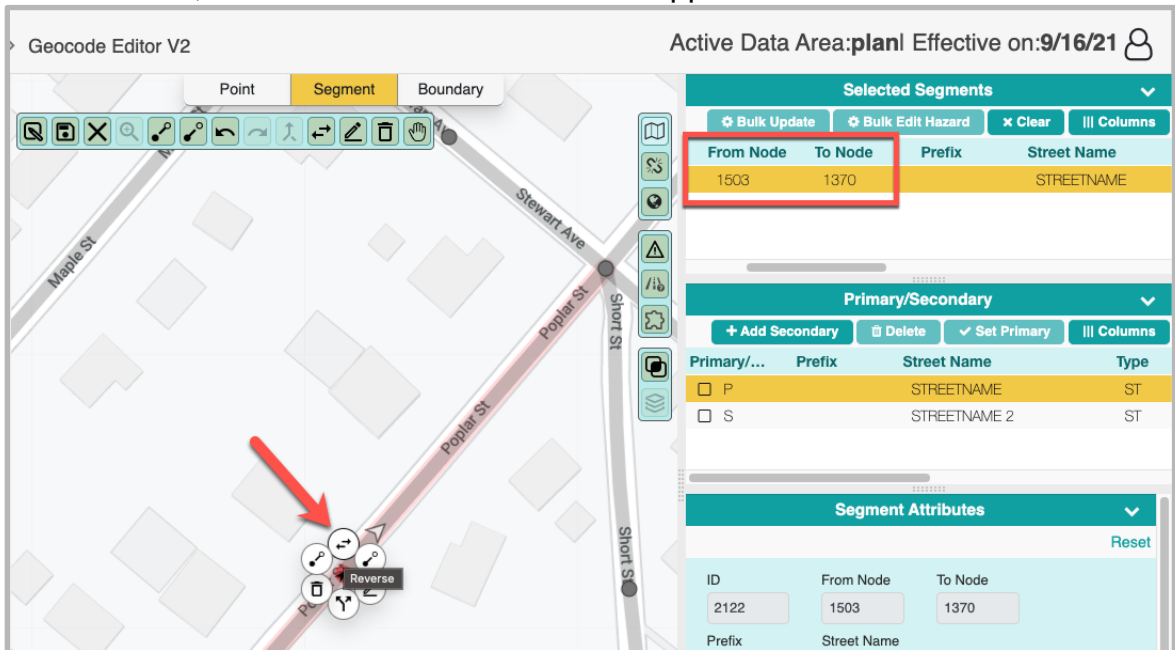
#### 3. Reversing Segments:

Select one or more segments on the map. There are three different ways to reverse a segment:

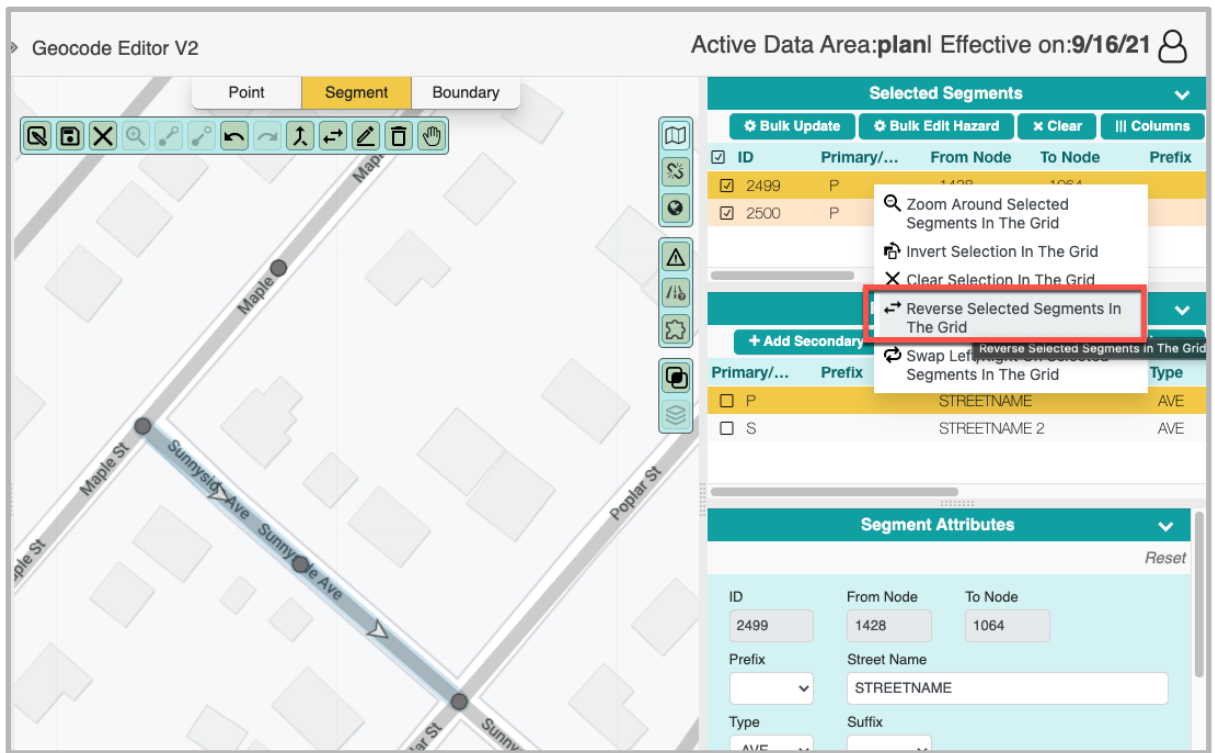
- **Reverse Button** – in the map tool bar, the user can select the “Reverse” button, and all selected segment directions are reversed (The ‘From Node’ and ‘To Node’ of each segment are swapped).



- **Context Menu:** Right clicking on a segment will populate a “context menu” which provide quick access to applicable tools, including the reverse tool. Once selected in the context menu, the From and To Nodes are swapped.

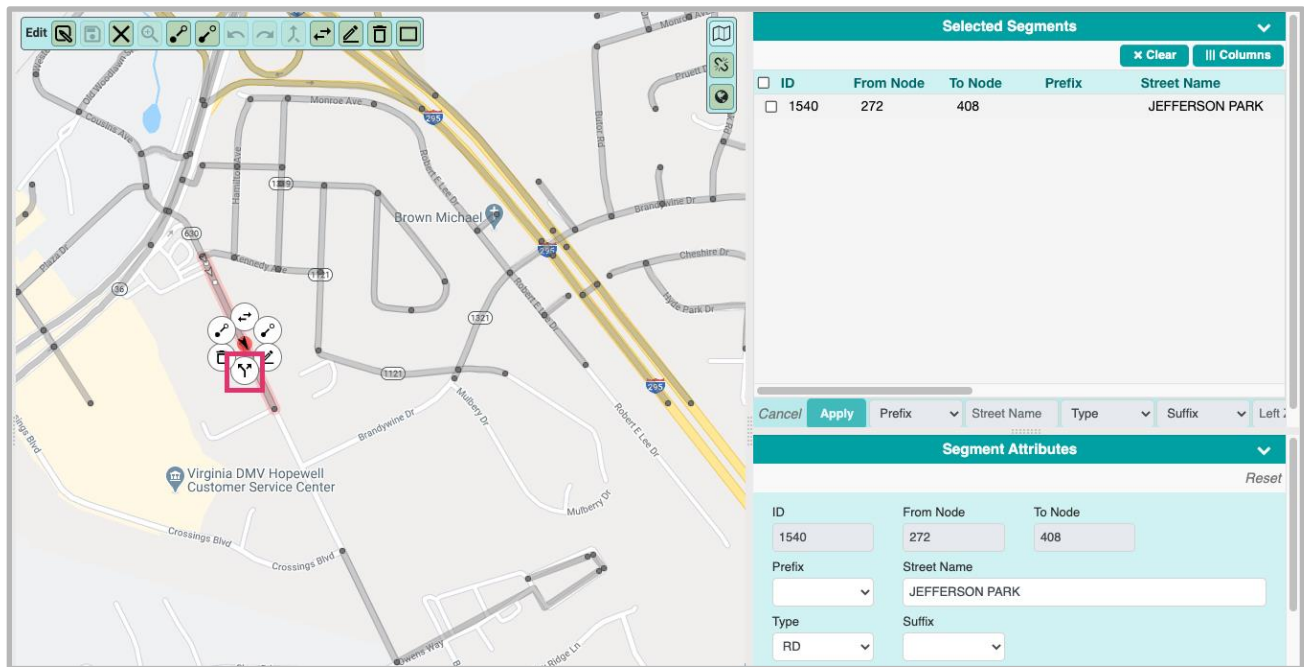


- **Select Multiple Segments:** Right click on the segment within the “Selected Segments” card, and select ‘reverse selected segments in the grid’ from the drop down window that populates.



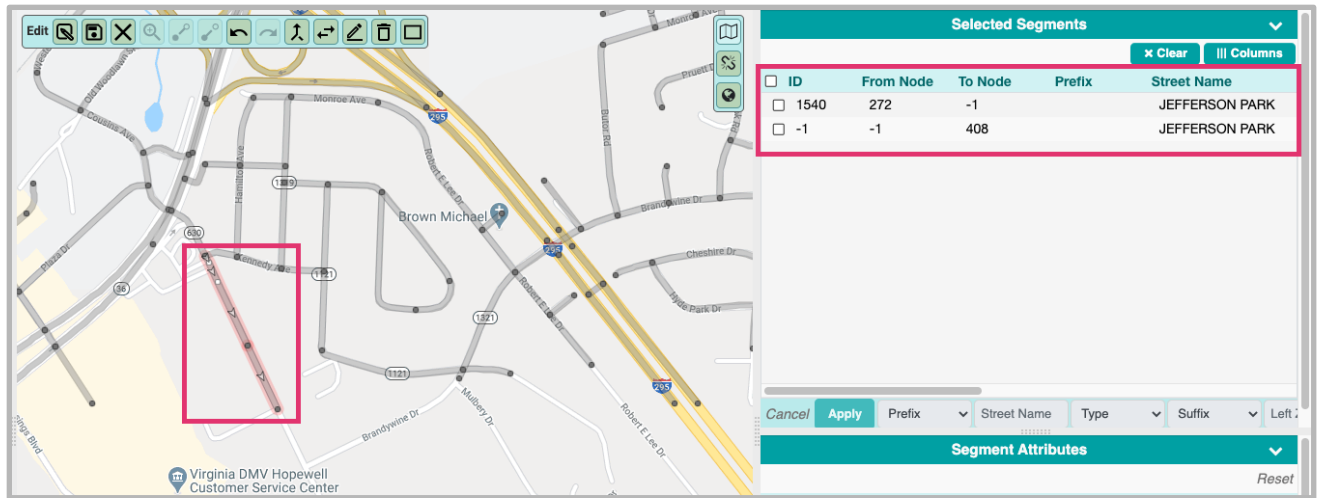
#### 4. Splitting Segments:

Right-click on the segment that needs to be split, and the context menu will populate.



Select the split tool within the menu, and the selected segment will split into two segments, both of which will have the same "Segment Attributes".





## Point Layer Stories:

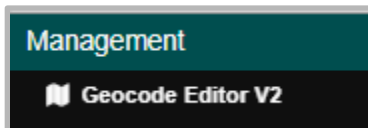
### 1. Adding and Editing Point Locations

#### 1. Getting Started:

Once logged in, select the Mapping application from the portal page.



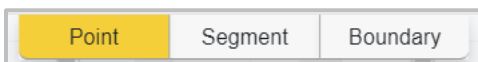
#### 2. Select Geocode Editor in the action bar menu.



#### 3. Layers:

At the top of the Map Panel the user will find different layers to toggle between when working in the Geocode module:

- Point
- Segment
- Boundary



- To quickly be taken to the points already established on the map, navigate to the toolbar at the top of the Map Panel, and select the “Zoom To” button.



Select the “Edit” button in the Map Panel tool bar, to begin editing within the layer.



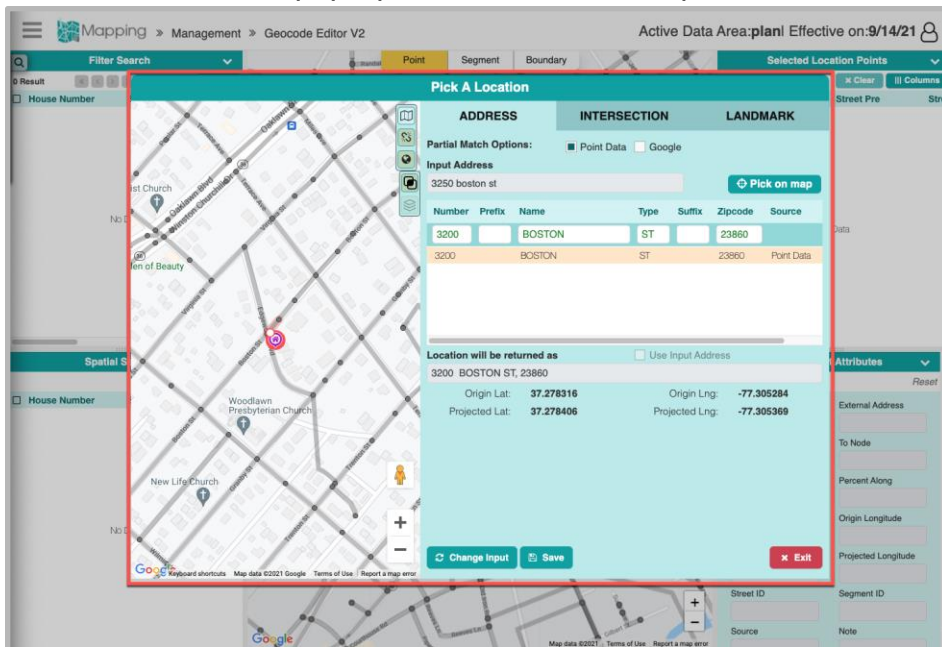
#### 5. Add New Point Location:

Select the “Add New Point Location” tool in the tool bar, and the following window will populate:

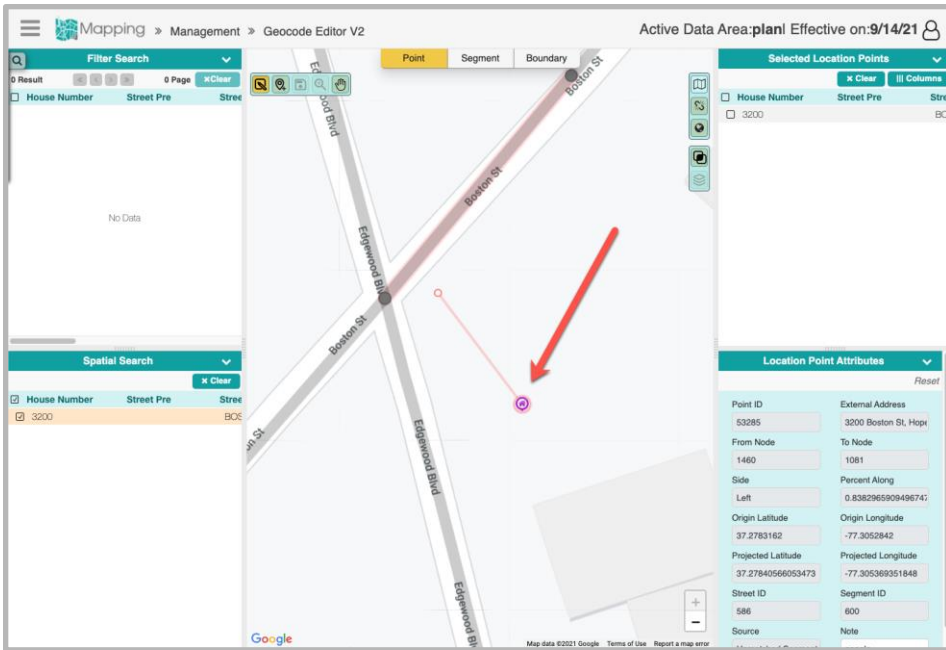
A dialog box titled "Search for address" with a light blue header. It contains a text input field labeled "Address" and two buttons at the bottom: "Go" (teal) and "Cancel" (red).

Input the address the user wants to create Point Location data for, and click “Go” to save.

- The Pick a Location pop-up is shown with the inputted address.



- If the inputted address already has an existing point, the user will be taken directly to the existing point. Users can select Save to view the existing point on the map within the Point Layer.



- If the inputted address does not have an existing point location, the user can create a new point location one of three ways:
  - Point Data
  - Google
  - Pick on Map

### 5.1 Edit Projection of Point Location:

To edit the projection of a point location on the map, hold the “Ctrl” key, select the point location, and drag it the desired location.

